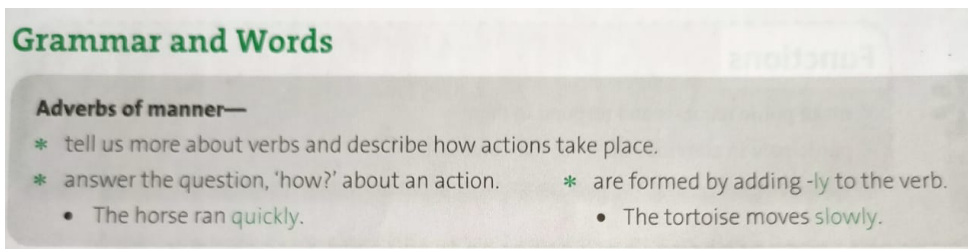


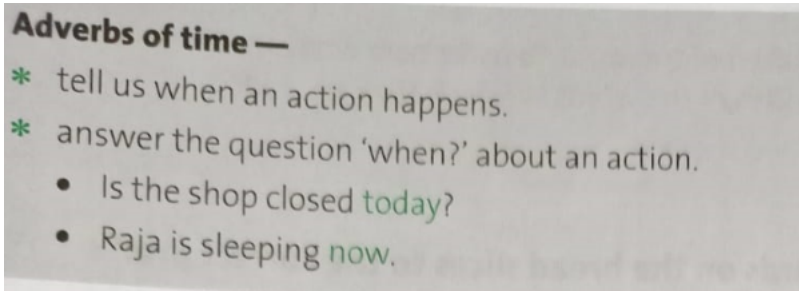
Do the given assignment in your English Grammar book.
WORKSHEET – 10**A. Read these sentences and number them in the correct order .**

- a. Hodja saw his friend, Rashid running for shelter from the rain. (2)
- b. A few days later, Rashid saw Hodja running for shelter from the rain. (5)
- c. Nasreddin Hodja was sitting inside his house on a rainy day. (1)
- d. Hodja told him not to run away from the rain as it was God's gift to all living things. (3)
- e. When Rashid asked Hodja why he was running away from the rain, Hodja replied that he did not want to step on God's gift. (6)
- f. Rashid felt Hodja was right and went home sadly. (4)

**B. Form adverbs of manner by adding –ly to the words in the box.
Then use them to complete these sentences.**

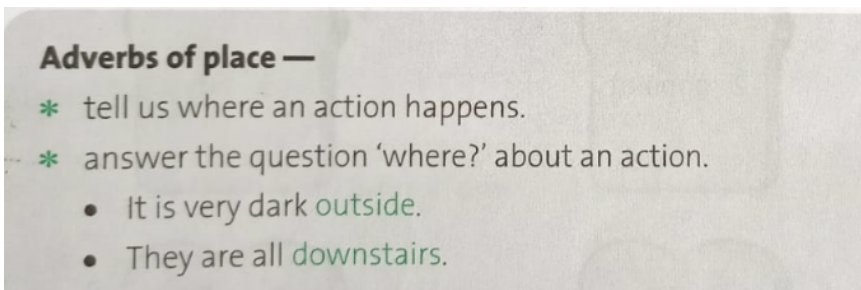
cheerful neat patient polite correct careful

1. Kavin always writes very neatly.
2. Tarun waited patiently for his friends to come.
3. Mingma stood at the gate and greeted the guests politely.
4. Yashvi solved the Math problem correctly before everyone else.
5. Tashi rides his bicycle carefully.
6. The coach spoke very cheerfully about the upcoming match.



C. Underline the adverbs of time in these sentences.

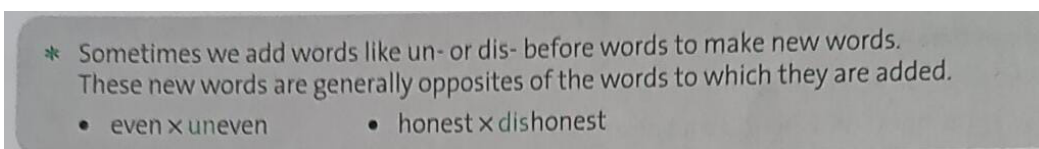
1. The newspaper arrives every day.
2. Weren't you supposed to go to Jalandhar yesterday?
3. Are you coming to art class tomorrow?
4. Don't worry. We will complete the work soon.
5. Preet and Raj always reach early.
6. I will watch the movie later because I want to read a book now.



D. Choose the correct adverbs of place to complete these sentences.

1. I like playing (**outdoors** / **around**) during winter.
2. Hurry up or else you will fall (**above**/**behind**) the others.
3. Is there an ATM (**everywhere** / **nearby**)?
4. Vedika looked (**downward** / **everywhere**) for her lost hair clip.
5. Mickey stood on the bridge and looked at the pretty flowers (**below** / **down**).
6. After a long day at school, we headed (**forward** / **towards**) home.

ANSWER: 1. **outdoors** 2.**behind** 3. **nearby** 4.**everywhere** 5.**below** 6.**towards**



E. Draw arrows to match these words on the bread slices to the correct **prefix** in the basket.



- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. unusual | 2. disappointed |
| 3. untidy | 4. disappear |
| 5. unlucky | 6. disagree |
| 7. unhealthy | 9. disobey |
| 8. unhappy | |

Spelling

When we spell words with **ch** and **tch**, they often sound similar.

We use **ch** —

- * when the final **ch** sound comes after a consonant or a vowel.
- * when the final **ch** sound comes after two vowels.

- branch
- much
- beach

We use **tch** —

- * when the final **tch** sound comes after a vowel.

- watch

Some words like 'attach' and 'detach' do not follow this rule.

G. Complete these words with **ch** or **tch**.

- | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1. ca tch | 2. tou ch | 3. ki tch e n |
| 4. sandwi ch | 5. sket ch | 6. ostri ch |
| 7. swit ch | 8. spee ch | 9. ket ch up |
| 10. rea ch | 11. sear ch | 12. stret ch |

Learn and write the given composition in your English notebook.

Winter Season

1. Winter season starts from November and ends in March.
2. We feel very cold in the winter season.
3. We wear woollen clothes and use blankets and quilts at night.
4. Days are short and nights are long.
5. Winter is the season of fruits, vegetables and flowers.
6. We like to eat hot food.
7. We like to go on a picnic during this season.
8. Outdoor games are enjoyed by the children.
9. December and January are the peak cold months of this season.

XXX

विशेष – कार्य-27

कक्षा – तीसरी (2020-20)

विषय – हिंदी

दिनांक –7.12.2020

पाठ –14 होली : मस्ती व हर्षोल्लास

का त्योहार

पाठ्यपुस्तक

प्रश्न 1. शब्दार्थ याद करके कॉपी में लिखो ।

अहंकार – घमंड

ढेर – बहुत – सी चीजों का अंबार

परिक्रमा – चक्कर लगाना

क्रोध – गुस्सा

दहन – जलाना

अग्नि-रोधक – आग को रोकनेवाला

कार्य – काम

प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर याद करो ।

क. होली का त्योहार कब आता है ?

उत्तर – होली का त्योहार फाल्गुन मास की पूर्णिमा को आता है ।

ख. प्रह्लाद किसका पुत्र था ?

उत्तर – प्रह्लाद राजा हिरण्यकशिपु का पुत्र था ।

ग. प्रह्लाद की बुआ को क्या वरदान मिला था ?

उत्तर – प्रह्लाद की बुआ को अग्नि – रोधक शॉल मिला था ।

घ. कौन – से फूल का रंग हमें बीमारियों से बचाता है ?

उत्तर – ढाक के फूल का रंग हमें बीमारियों से बचाता है ।

पाठ्यपुस्तक पृष्ठ संख्या 127 में करें ।

प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर याद करके लिखिए—

क. होलिका – दहन क्यों किया जाता है ?

उत्तर – होलिका के जलने तथा प्रह्लाद के जीवित बचने की खुशी में होलिका दहन किया जाता है ।

ख. होली मनाने का दूसरा कारण क्या है ?

उत्तर – खेतों में लहलहाती फसलों को देखकर खुशी मनाना होली मनाने का दूसरा कारण है ।

ग. पहले होली किनसे खेली जाती थी ?

उत्तर – पहले होली टेसुओं के फूलों का रंग, गुलाल, अबीर और चंदन से होली खेली जाती थी । घ. होली के दिन हँसी – खुशी का माहौल लड़ाई – झगड़े में कब बदल जाता है ?

उत्तर – बच्चे जब आने-जाने वालों पर रंगों से भरे गुब्बारे फेंकते हैं तब हँसी – खुशी का माहौल लड़ाई – झगड़े में बदल जाता है ।

ड. किन कारणों से अब होली के त्योहार में कटुता आ गई है ?

उत्तर – गलत तरीकों से होली खेलना तथा रासायनिक रंगों के अधिक प्रयोग के कारण होली के त्योहार में कटुता आ गई है ।

गृह कार्य

शब्दार्थ और प्रश्नोत्तर याद करो ।

अभ्यास – पुस्तिका

अभ्यास – पुस्तिका पृष्ठ संख्या 63 में करें ।

1. दिए गए अनुच्छेद को पढ़कर सही विकल्पों पर (✓) का निशान लगाइए –

क. होलिका प्रह्लाद को लेकर कहाँ बैठ गई ?

1. आग में ☒
2. कुसी पर
3. चबूतरे पर

ख. आग पर बैठने से किसे कुछ नहीं हुआ ?

1. लेखन को
2. प्रह्लाद को ☒
3. होलिका को

ग. प्रह्लाद आग में से जिंदा क्यों बच गया ?

1. वह भाग गया था
2. उस पर अग्निरोधक शॉल पड़ा था ☒
3. प्रभु – भक्त होने के कारण

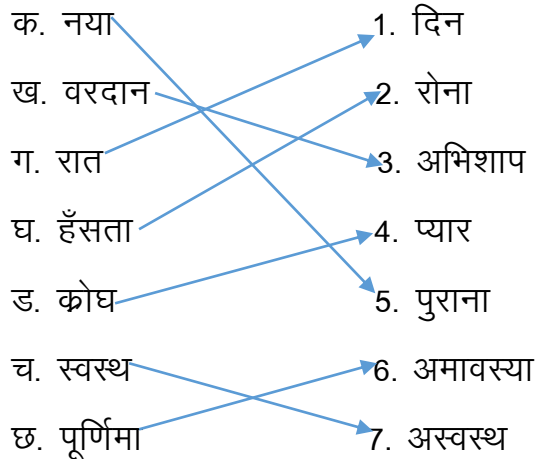
घ. खेत में फसल को देखकर किसकी खुशी का ठिकाना नहीं रहता है ?

1. किसान की ☒

2. लेखक की
3. होलिका की

अभ्यास – पुस्तिका पृष्ठ संख्या 64 में करें ।

प्रश्न 2. दिए गए विपरीत अर्थवाले शब्दों का सही मिलान कीजिए –



व्याकरण

पाठ – 10 मुहावरे

प्रश्न 1. मुहावरे की परिभाषा उदाहरण सहित लिखो । (कॉपी में)

- कुछ वाक्यांश या शब्द समूह अपने सामान्य अर्थ को छोड़कर विशेष अर्थ देते हैं , इन्हें **मुहावरे** कहते हैं ।

उदाहरण – अँगूठा दिखाना – मना कर देना

उँगली उठाना – दोष लगाना

कान पकड़ना – माफ़ी माँगना

2. इन्हें याद करें ।

हाथ बैटाना	मदद करना
गले का हार होना	बहुत प्यारा होना
चेहरा खिल उठना	प्रसन्न होना
चार चाँद लगाना	सुंदरता बढ़ाना
नौ दो ग्यारह होना	भाग जाना
घी के दीये जलाना	खुशियाँ मनाना
पेट में चूहे कूदना	बहुत भूख लगना
आँखें दिखाना	गुस्सा होना
आँख लगाना	नींद आना
आशा बँधना	उम्मीद होना
पानी-पानी होना	लज्जित होना
नाक में दम करना	परेशान करना
होश उड़ना	डर जाना
जी चुराना	काम में रुचि न लेना
कान भरना	चुगली करना
कमर कसना	तैयार होना
पीठ थपथपाना	शाबाशी देना

गृह – कार्य

मुहावरे की परिभाषा एवं उनके उदाहरण याद करें ।

Lesson :Time

Time is measured with the help of a clock.

A clock has 2 hands -- an Hour hand and a Minute hand .

- There are 12 numbers -- 1 to 12 on the face of the clock and there are 5 minutes between two consecutive numbers.
- The hour hand takes 12 hours to complete 1 rotation.
- The minute hand takes 1 hour to complete 1 rotation.
- The hour hand completes two full rotations in 1 day.
 - ❖ 1 day = 24 hours.
 - ❖ 1 hour = 60 minutes,
 - ❖ 1 minute = 60 seconds,

READING CLOCK

* 1 hour = 60 minutes



Time is 8 o' clock.

When minute hand is at 12, the hour hand shows the hours.

***Quarter hour = $\frac{1}{4}$ hour = 15 minutes**

When the minute hand is at 3, it shows the quarter-hour after or quarter past.



The time is quarter past 7.

***Half an hour = 30 minutes = $\frac{1}{2}$ hour**

When the minute hand is at 6, it shows the half an hour.



Time is half past 7.

***Three quarter hour = $\frac{3}{4}$ hour = 45 minutes**

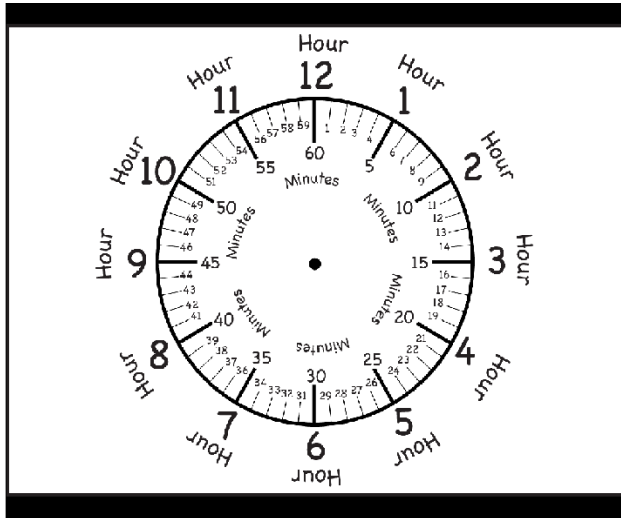
When the minute hand is at 9, it shows the quarter hour before or quarter to hour or three quarter after.



Time is quarter to 8.

Telling the time to five minutes correctness.

When the minutes hand moves between two consecutive digits it covers 5 minutes.



Telling time to the exact minute.

Each small division between the numbers represents 1 minute.

(a) Here the hour hand has passed 7.

The minute hand in this clock is on the 12th division.

So it shows 12 minutes.



So the time is 7 : 12

(b) Here the hour hand is between 4 and 5 (closer to 5)

The minute hand is on 53rd division.

So $60 - 53 = 7$, the time is 7 minutes to 5.



The time in the clock can be read in 3 ways'

(1) 53 minutes past 4 OR

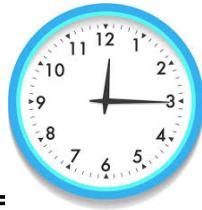
(2) 7 minutes to 5 OR

(3) 4 : 53

Look at the clock and write the time.



► Half past = shutterstock.com • 35399674 = 2 : 30 or Half past 2



► Quarter past = = 12 : 15 or Quarter past 12



► Quarter to = = 10: 45 or Quarter to 11

EXERCISE _10.1

1.Look at the clock and write the time in two ways.



(a) _____ , _____
Ans. 9 : 40 , 20 minutes to 10



(b) _____ , _____
Ans. 11 : 27 , 33 minutes to 12

2.Draw the hands on the clocks to show the correct time.



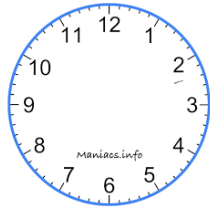
(a) Quarter to 8



Edit with WPS Office



(b) 33 minutes past 7



(c) 19 minutes to 5

Ans



(a)



(b)



(c)

3. Read the clock and write the time.



(a)

After 20 minutes _____



(b)

One hour eight minutes ago _____



(c)

Half an hour ago _____

Ans : (a) 2 : 35 (b) 3 : 30 (c) 5 : 53

4. Fill in the blanks.

(a) There are _____ seconds in a minute.

(b) The minute hand moves from 5 to 6 in _____ minutes.

(c) The hour hand move from 5 to 6 in _____ hour.

(d) The minute hand takes _____ rounds of a clock in a day.

Ans. (a) 60 (b) 5 (c) 1 (d) 24

Write and learn table of 18.

Complete page number 125 to 129 in Maths textbook.

➤ -----x-----



SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT No.26

Session 2020-21

Std. 3

Subject : EVS

Date: 07.12.2020

Chapter 15.Travel (Contd.....)

Water Transport

- Water transport is the oldest and the cheapest mode of transport.
Examples : Boat, yacht, ship, speedboat and motorboat.
- Ships carry passengers as well as heavy and bulky goods.

Air Transport

- Air transport is the fastest and the most expensive means of transport.
- It covers long distances in a short time.
Examples : Helicopter and aeroplane.
- Hot-air balloons are used for fun rides.

Animals as a means of transport

- After the invention of the wheel ,people made carts drawn by animals.
Examples: Bullock-cart, horse-cart, camel-cart etc.
- Animals are still used in many villages as means of transport.

Assignment to be done in the notebook.

Answer the following questions.

1. Why do people travel from one place to another? Give any two reasons.

Ans: People travel from one place to another place due to the following reasons:

- To go to their place of work.
- To go to the market to buy things.

2. Define means of transport.

Ans: Various vehicles that transport people and goods from one place to another are called means of transport.

3. Name some means of land transport.

Ans: Some means of land transport are car, bus, rickshaw, truck, etc.

4. Name the oldest and cheapest means of transport. Give examples.

Ans: Water transport is the oldest and the cheapest mode of transport.

Examples : Boat, yacht, ship etc.

5. Name some means of air transport.

Ans: Helicopter and aeroplane are the means of air transport.

Activity

Draw / Paste two pictures of each of the following.

A. Land transport

C. Water transport

B. Air transport

D. Animals used as a means of transport.

Assignment to be done in the textbook.

Fill in the blanks. (Pg.no.117)

1. **Metro** rail system has been introduced in Kolkata and Delhi.

2. **Water** transport is the oldest mode of transport.

3. **Air** transport is the fastest mode of transport.

Tick (✓) the things pulled by animals.

1. Car

5. Camel-cart



2. Bus

6. Auto-rickshaw

3. Bicycle

7. Horse-cart



4. Bullock-cart



8. Boat

Fill in the blanks.

water scooter most expensive air buses

1. Means of transport are divided into land, water and **air** transport.

2. **Buses** are used to cover distances on road.

3. **Water scooter** is used for fun and sports.

4. Air transport is the most expensive means of transport.

Help the following people to reach their destinations.(Pg.No. 118)

1. I am Ram. My aunt lives in London.

We are planning to visit her. Which means of transport should we use?

Ans: Aeroplane

2. I am Rita. I have to go from Delhi to Agra to meet my cousin. Which means of transport should I use?

Ans: Train/ Bus/Car

3. I am Gauri. I have to go to a neighbourhood market to buy vegetables. Which means of transport should I use?

Ans: Rickshaw/Scooter/ Bicycle

Write 'T' for true or for 'F' false statements. (Pg.no119)

- | | |
|---|----------|
| 1. A ship is a means of water transport. | I |
| 2. An aeroplane is the cheapest means of transport. | F |
| 3. An aeroplane moves faster than a bus. | I |
| 4. A car is a means of air transport. | F |

L- 11 People who Help us



A. Answer the following questions.

a. How does a farmer help us?

Ans. **A farmer grows crops for us.**

b. Who brings milk for us?

Ans. **Milkman brings milk for us.**

c. What are the works done by the postman?

Ans. **Postman brings letters, telegrams, money orders for us.**

d. How should we behave with our helpers?

Ans. **We should behave politely with our helpers.**

B. Tick (✓) the correct option.

a. The washerman is late to bring your clothes today. You will

i. shout at him. ii. beat him. iii. do not give his money. iv. **talk to him politely. (✓)**

b. Your sweeper has asked you for a glass of water. You will

i. ignore him. ii. refuse him . iii. **give him happily. (✓)** iv. scold him badly .

c. Your milkman is asking for money .You will

i. **give him as soon as possible. (✓)** ii . give him late . iii. not give. iv. shout at him.

d. You are travelling by an auto .The auto driver is driving slow and not raising speed as it is against

traffic rules. You will

i. shout at him. ii. not give his money. iii. **not say anything as he is right. (✓)** iv. say abusive words to him.

e. You have lost your watch. You will

i. search it properly. (✓) ii. cut the value amount of watch from servant's salary. iii. blame the servant. iv. say abusive words to your servant.

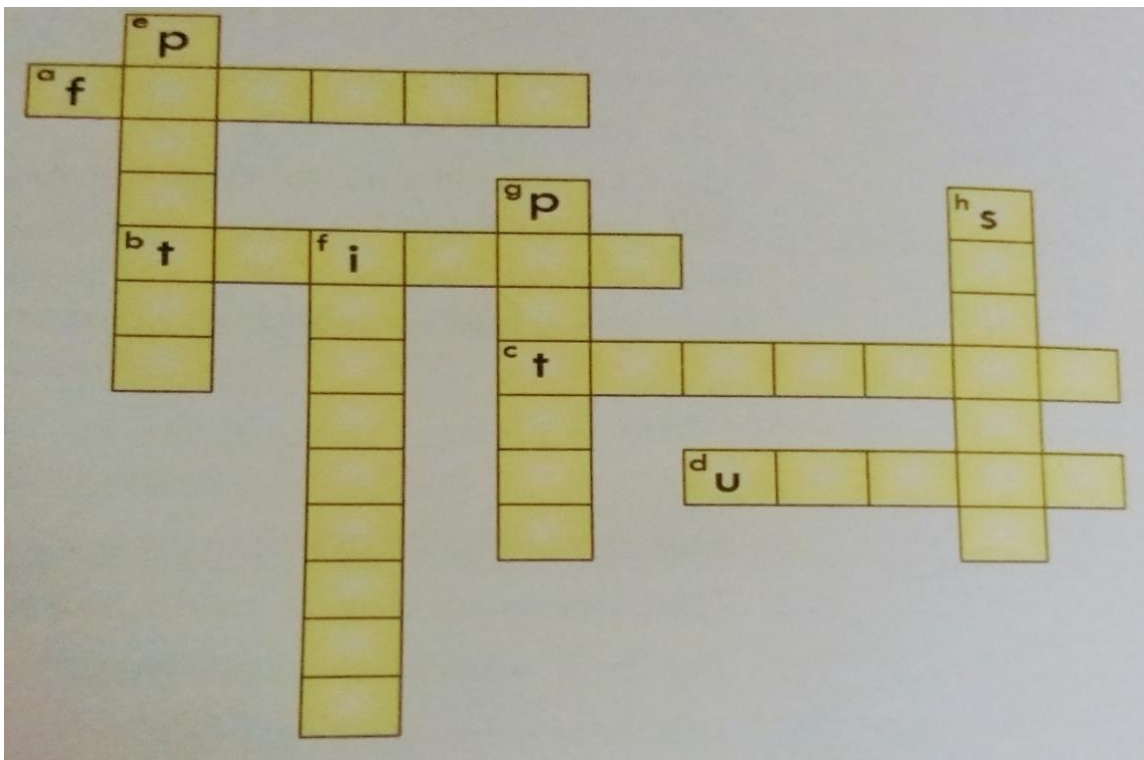
C. Give one word for the following people.

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| a. The one who teaches in the class. | <u>Teacher</u> |
| b. The one who cleans our surroundings. | <u>Sweeper</u> |
| c. The one who compose music. | <u>Musician</u> |
| d. The one who sings songs. | <u>Singer</u> |
| e. The one who dances on the stage. | <u>Dancer</u> |
| f. The one who fixes our electric appliances. | <u>Electrician</u> |
| g. The one who guides us in the movie hall. | <u>Usher</u> |
| h. The one who serves us at hotels. | <u>Waiter</u> |
| i. The one who looks after us at hospitals. | <u>Nurse</u> |
| j. The one who writes books. | <u>Writer</u> |

D. Given below are the names of some tools . Complete the crossword by the names of people who use them.

Across. a. Plough. b. Needle and thread. c. Books. d. Torch in cinema hall

Down. e. Paint and brush f. Hammer to mould iron. g. Postcards. h. Broom



Ans.: **Across:** a. farmer b. tailor c. teacher d. Usher

Down:

e. painter

f. ironsmith

g. postman

h. sweeper

E. Out of all our helpers , whom do you think is most hardworking. Write a few lines about him.

Ans : Out of all our helpers, I think farmer is most hardworking because he grows corn, pulses, vegetables etc. for us and works out day in and day out. He has to take care of the crops and protect the crops against snow and hail. Imagine, if the farmer does not help us who will supply us corn , pulses and vegetables etc.

NOTE: Students are instructed to do the given assignment in their M.Sc book.

Special Assignment 26

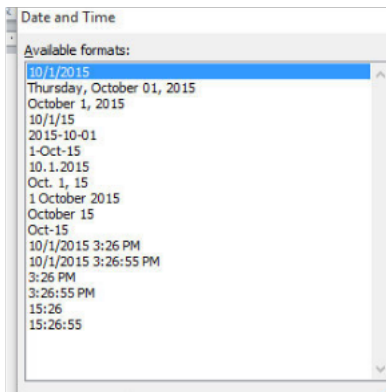
Class: Three

Subject: Computer

Lesson- WordPad : Added features

INSERTING DATE AND TIME

- Click on the place where the date and time has to be displayed.
- Click on the Date and Time option in the Insert group on the Home tab.
- Click on the desired format and click on the OK button.

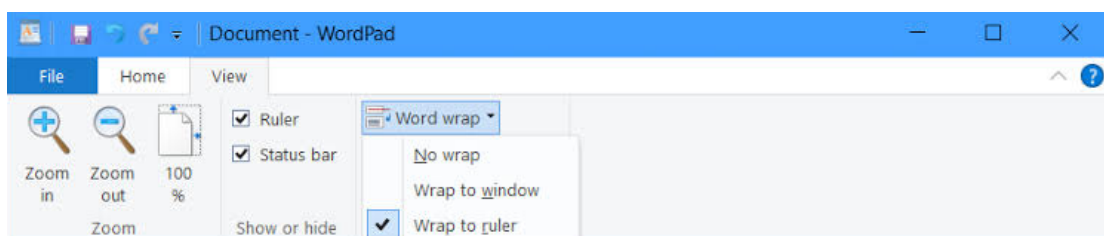


TEXT WRAPPING

This option affects the text as it is displayed on the screen .

For text wrapping :

- Click on the Word wrap option on the View tab.
- In Word wrap drop-down menu, three options are present.
- Click on one of the options.
- Click on the OK button.



INSERTING THE TEXT

Adding text at the cursor position is called inserting the text .

Steps to insert the text:

- Place the insertion point at the location where you want to insert

the text.

- Type the text where you want to add text. The text along the insertion point will be pushed ahead as you insert new text.

DELETING THE TEXT

Erasing or rubbing the text from a document is called deleting the text.

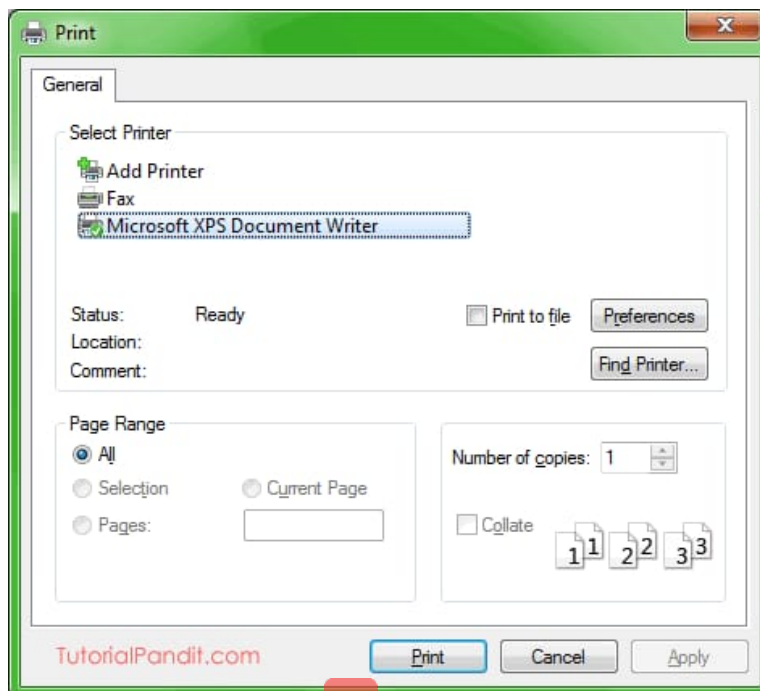
Ways to delete text:

- To delete characters to the right of the insertion point press the Delete key
- To delete characters to the left of the insertion point press the Backspace key
- To erase one or more sentences ,select the text and press the **Delete** key.
- **Ctrl + Delete** key combination can be used to delete the text from insertion point to the end of the word.
- To remove all the text from a document press **Ctrl +A** key combination.Then press the Delete key.

PRINTING DOCUMENTS IN WORDPAD

We can print our WordPad document by following given steps

- Open the document that has to be printed.
- Move the pointer of the mouse to WordPad button and click on the Print option.
- Select Pages option and specify the number of pages
- Specify the number of copies and click on the Print button.



Exercise

Ques/Ans

1.What is the purpose of using Undo command?

Ans: The Undo command is used to remove the last change we made to the file.

2.Differentiate between copying and inserting text.

Ans.

Copying text	Inserting text
Copying text means to make a duplicate copy of the original text within a document .	Inserting text means adding text at the cursor position.

3. List the steps to print a document in WordPad.

Ans . Steps to print a document in wordpad

- Open the document that has to be printed.
- Move the pointer of the mouse to WordPad button and click on the Print option.
- Select Pages option and specify the number of pages .
- Specify the number of copies and click on the Print button.

4.How would you insert date and time in your WordPad document?

Ans- To insert date and time

- Click on the place where you want the date and time to be displayed.
- Click on the Date and Time option in the Insert group on the Home tab.
- Click on the format of your choice to display date and time and click on the OK button.

Note: Do this assignment in your computer Notebook.



Assignment

Class-3

Subject- General Knowledge

Unit-7

Science and Technology

A. Fill in the blanks.

1. Apollo 11 Lunar Lander which was used for travelling to the ---
--.
2. A human body has --- grams of iron.
3. Coal, natural gas and oil will be largely exhausted by the end of
the
----.
4. ----- and plastic surgery were first performed in India.
5. The first 1 GB hard disk, announced in 1980 was priced at -----.
6. A --- is a versatile machine.

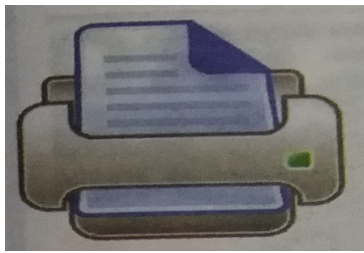
Ans: 1. moon 2. 4 to 5 gram 3. 21st century 4. Cataract
5. \$40,000 6. Computer

A) Look at these icons and write what each means.

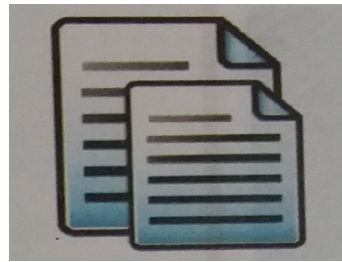
1.

2.

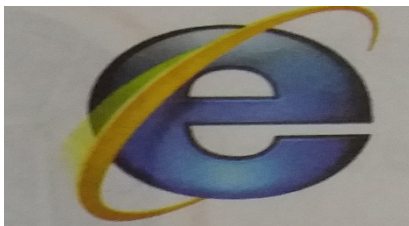




Print.



Copy

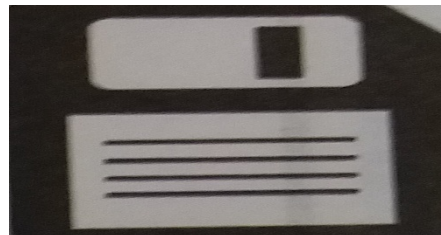


3.

Internet Explorer.

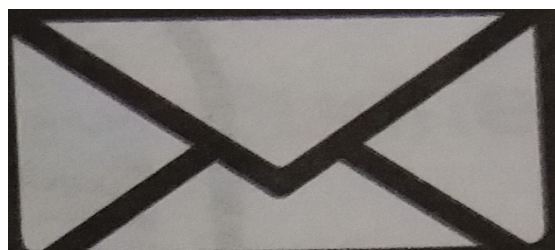


4. My Computer



1. Warning.

6. Save



7. E- mail



C. Fill up the blocks to write the full forms of these short forms used in computers.

1. WWW	W			D		I	E		B						
2. PC	P		R				L	C		P					
3. RAM	R			D			A				S	M		O	
4. E-Mail	E		E							M			L		

Answers:

1. WORLD WIDE WEB. 2. PERSONAL COMPUTER. 3. RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY

4. ELECTRONIC MAIL

Note:- Students are instructed to and do the given assignment in their GK book.



Special Assignment-2020-21

Class-3

Date : 07/12/2020

Fill colour in book
(Art for generation- 3)

Draw and colour in drawing copy
'Sunrise'