ASSIGNMENT - 5

CLASS- II **SUBJECT- ENGLISH**

A. Complete these sentences with the words from the box that mean the same as the words in brackets.

Little	big	messy	lovely	tall

1) There is a ___little___ (small) mouse under the table.
2) This building is very ___tall___ (high).
3) That is a ___lovely___ (pretty) dress.
4) Ashwin cleaned his ___messy___ (dirty) room.
5) The birthday party is in a ___big___ (large) hall.

B. Write the missing letters in each word and complete these sentences.

1) K e e p your teeth cl e a n.
2) She r e a ds three books in a w e e k.
3) There are green l e a ves on the tr e e s.
4) It is not e a sy to swim in the s e a.

C. Look at the pictures. Write about what Arshi does in the morning.

Arshi wakes up at 7 in the morning.
Then, she brushes her teeth . She takes a shower and gets ready for school.
At 8 a.m. she takes her breakfast .
Then, she boards her school bus .

A. Complete the poem :-

This is my garden .
I plant it with care.
Here are the seeds .
I plant them in here.
The sun shines
The rain falls
The seeds sprout
And grow up tall .

- Adjectives are words that describe nouns.
  Examples – tall, small, big.
- Some adjectives can come before the noun.
  Example – a tall tree.
- They can also come after the noun and the verb.
  Example – The tree is tall.

B. The words in colour are adjectives. Rewrite these sentences as shown in example:-

Example - The kitten is black.
The black kitten is playing.

1) The house is old.
   The old house is on this road.
2) The children are happy.
   The happy children are studying.

3) My parents are tired.
   My tired parents are sleeping.

4) The clown was funny.
   The funny clown showed us tricks.

5) The boy is little.
   The little boy laughed.

C. The words in colour are adjectives. Complete the second sentences with adjectives.

1) My backpack is heavy.
   My backpack is black .
2) Mira's hair-band is colourful.
   Mira's hair-band is new.
3) This pillow is so soft.
   This pillow is so comfortable
4) The rabbit's ears are pink.
   The rabbit's ears are soft
5) The sun is round.
   The sun is hot.
6) The children look happy.
   The children look cute.
7) This painting is beautiful.
   This painting is lovely.
8) My neighbour is kind.
   My neighbour is helpful.

Note –Students are instructed to do the given assignment in the English Grammar Book / rough notebook(if English Grammar Book is unavailable).

विशेष-कार्य- ५

कक्षा- दूसरी **विषय-हिंदी**

आवश्यक सूचना: सभी अभ्यासों को याद करके संबंधित पुस्तकों में लिखो।

पाठ -२ चालाक गीदड़ (पाठ्य-पुस्तक)

प्र•१ शब्दों के अर्थ याद करके कॉपी में लिखो।

इंतज़ार=प्रतीक्षा विचार=सोच

तलाश=खोज बुद्धि=अक्ल

मूर्ख=बेवकूफ़ असमर्थ=लाचार

गुफा=पहाड़ के अन्दर का गहरा गड्ढा

प्र•२ प्रश्नोत्तर याद करके पाठ्यपुस्तक में लिखो।

क) गुफा में कौन रहता था?

गुफा में एक गीदड़ रहता था।

ख) गुफा के बाहर पैरों के निशान देखकर चतुर गीदड़ ने क्या सोचा?

गुफा के बाहर पैरों के निशान देखकर चतुर गीदड़ ने अपनी बुद्धि से जानवर का पता लगाने की सोची।

ग) गीदड़ ने ऊंची आवाज में क्या कहा?

गीदड़ ने ऊंची आवाज में गुफा से अंदर आने के बारे में पूछा।

घ) शेर ने गीदड़ की सारी बातें सुनकर क्या जवाब दिया?

शेर ने गीदड़ की सारी बातें सुनकर उससे गुफा के अंदर बुलाया।

<u>सभी अभ्यासों कोअभ्यास-पुस्तिका में लिखो।</u>

प्र•१ प्रश्नोत्तर याद करके अभ्यास पुस्तिका में लिखो।

क) शेर शिकार करने में असमर्थ क्यों था?

शेर बूढ़ा और कमज़ोर होने के कारण शिकार करने में असमर्थ था।

ख) गीदड़ का स्वभाव कैसा था?

गीदड़ बहुत चालाक तथा होशियार था।

ग) गुफा के पास जाकर गीदड़ ने क्या देखा?

गुफा के पास जाकर गीदड़ ने किसी जानवर के पैरों के निशान देखे।

प्र•२ शेर के बारे में पांच वाक्य लिखो।(अभ्यास पुस्तिका में लिखो)

शेर जंगल में रहने वाला मांसाहारी जानवर है। शेर को जंगल का राजा कहा जाता है क्योंकि सभी प्राणी इससे डरते है। इसके मजबूत चार पैर तथा एक पूंछ होती है। इसकी आंखें चमकदार और भूरे रंग की होती है। शेर झाड़ियों में छुप कर पानी के तालाब के पास अपना शिकार करता है।

[सभी अभ्यास पाठ्य - पुस्तक में लिखो]

प्र•४ 'आ ', 'इ ' और 'ऊ ' की मात्रा वाले शब्द पाठ से खोजकर लिखो(पाठ्य पुस्तक में करो)

आ: आवाज़ जानवर

इ: फिर कि

ऊ: तू भूख

प्र•५ उल्टे अर्थ वाले (रंगीन)शब्दों को याद करो तथा अभ्यास पुस्तिका में लिखो।

चालाक _ मूर्ख होशियार चतुर

सुंदर _ बदसूरत सौंदर्य कुरूप

आगे _ पीछे पिछला अगला

आदर _ सत्कार स्वागत निरादर

प्र•६ इन शब्दों के अनेक संख्या वाले शब्द पढ़ो तथा पाठ्य पुस्तक में लिखो ।

(वचन बदलना)

मेज़ _ मेज़ें

केला – केले

छिलका – छिलके

कपड़ा _ कपड़े

किताब _ किताबें

बकरी _ बकरियां

प्र•७ नीचे लिखे शब्दों का प्रयोग करते हुए वाक्य

पूरे करो।(पाठ्य पुस्तक में लिखो)

[बहन, दूसरी, भाई , बड़ा]

मेरा नाम अंश है।

डिंपल मेरी बहन है।

राजन मेरा भाई है।

मैं दूसरी कक्षा में पढ़ता हूं।

रोहित मेरा बड़ा भाई है।

प्र•८ 'स्व' से शुरू होने वाले शब्द याद करो तथा पाठ्यपुस्तक में लिखो।

स्वतंत्र , स्वर , स्वप्न , स्वर्ग , स्वाधीन

[व्याकरण - भाग]

पाठ 2 स्वरों की मात्राएं

प्र•१ इन्हें याद करो।

- **अ-स्वर प्रत्येक व्यंजन में शामिल होता है।**
- **व्यंजन के साथ स्वर मात्रा के रूप में प्रयोग होता है।**
- **अ- स्वर की कोई मात्रा नहीं होती है।**
- **र में तथा ऊ की मात्रा निम्न प्रकार से लगती है। जैसे -**

र+उ = रु _ रुपया , रुचि ---------- आदि।

रू+ऊ =रू _ रूप , रूमाल--------आदि।

प्र•२ सही जगह पर मात्रा लगाओ।(व्याकरण पुस्तक में लिखो)

ब दल = बादल

मछ ल = मछली

श र = शेर

त तली = तितली

फ ल = फूल

प ड़ = पेड़

चिड़ि य = चिड़िया

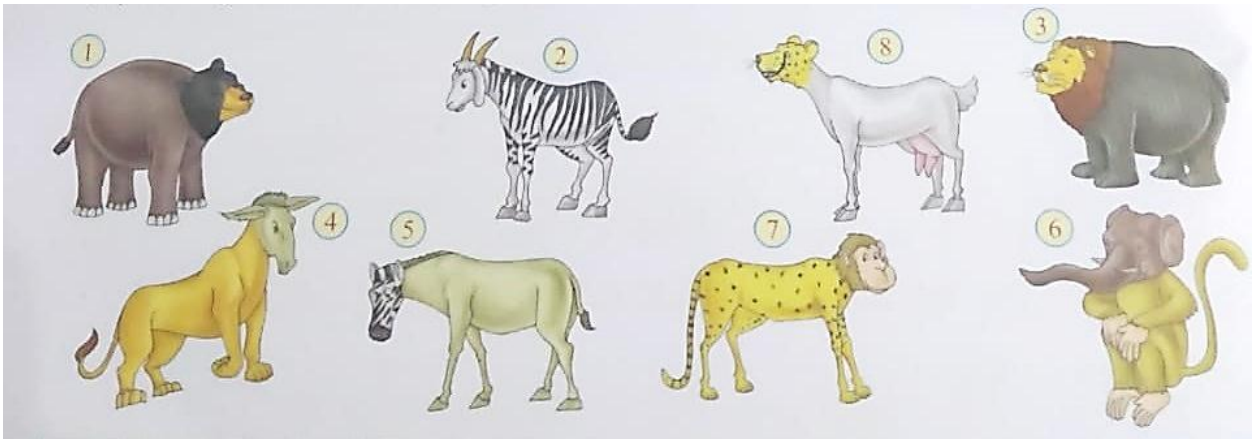
प ल = पुल

प धा = पौधा

कला-कौशल

[पाठ्य- पुस्तक में लिखो]

प्र•८ चित्र में जानवरों के मुंह आपस में अदल- बदल गए है। अगर सिकंदर बनना चाहते हो,तो उन्हें उनके शरीर से पहचानकर उन जानवरों के नाम बताओ।



उत्तर:

1. हाथी
2. जेब्रा
3. भालू
4. शेर
5. घोड़ा
6. बंदर
7. बाघ
8. बकरी

_____समाप्त_____

SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT

STANDARD –II SUB –MATHS

Topic –Lesson 1 (3-Digit Numbers) and

Lesson 2 (More about Numbers)

Q.1 Write the numbers which come after before and in between .

AFTER	BEFORE	BETWEEN
346 _____	_____ 210	478 _____ 480
790 _____	_____ 576	823 _____ 825
112 _____	_____ 714	160 _____ 162

Q.2 Form all possible 3 digit numbers using the given digits only once.

Eg. 7 ,6, 3 → 763 367 673

a.) 4 , 1 , 5 b.) 3 , 2 , 4 c.) 7 ,5 , 8

Q.3 Write the greatest and the smallest 3- digit numbers that can be formed by using the given digits.

Eg. 7 0 2 -- greatest number 720 smallest number 207

a.) 3 , 5 , 8 b.) 3 , 6 , 0 c.) 4 , 8 , 2 d.) 5 , 3 , 6

Q.4 Ring the smallest and cross the greatest number in each row.

a.) 905 718 856 222

b.) 219 419 719 617

c.) 407 733 624 219

Q.5 Put the correct sign < , > or =

a. 216 ☐ 218 b. 328 ☐ 328

c. 560 ☐ 580 d. 110 ☐ 107

Q.6 Write true / false.

a.The smallest 3 digit number is 999._____

b.The place value of 9 in 693 is 90._____

c.The largest number formed using the digits 5 , 8 and 3 is 853_____

Q. 7 Arrange the following numbers in ascending order.

a. 361 811 432 201 152

b. 223 324 253 382 193

Q.8 Arrange the following numbers in descending order.

a. 420 209 256 382 228

b. 425 728 283 641 782

Q.9 Write O for odd and E for even numbers.

*The numbers having 1 , 3 , 5 ,7 or 9 in their ones place are called odd numbers.

*The numbers having 0 ,2 ,4 .6 or 8 in their ones place are called even numbers.

1. 220 __ 2. 621 __ 3. 538 __ 4. 619 __ 5. 826 __ 6. 147 __

*Do page no. 7 to 15 in your Maths book.

*Learn the tables from 1 to 4

Std.II Subject: Moral Science

Chapter -2

A. Learn and complete the exercises given in the M. SC. text book.

1. What is the reason of discontentment ?
   Answer -The reason of discontentment is our comparison with others.
2. How can we become contented ?
   Answer - If we try to become happy with what we have we can be contented.
3. How can anyone become rich ?
   Answer - Anyone can become rich by working hard.
4. What is discontentment ?
   Answer - Discontentment is unhappiness when we compare ourselves with others.
5. Do you become sad when you see your friend's beautiful house ?
   Answer – No, I don't become sad to see my friend's beautiful house.
6. Do you try to become what you want to be ?
   Answer – Yes, I always work hard to become what I want to be.

B. Tick the correct option.

a. We should be contented . √
b. We should be sad to see a beautiful car . X
c. We should work hard to become poor . X
d. We should not be greedy. √

****

Weekly assignment—5

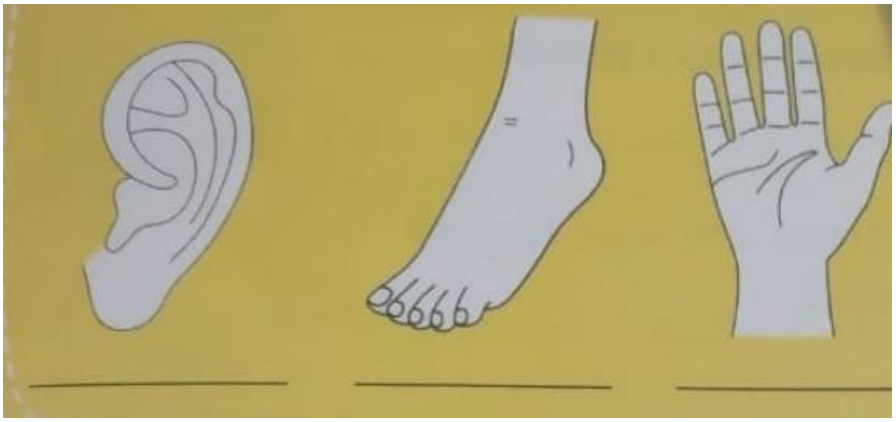
Subject—E. V. S

Class—II (TWO)

LESSION-2 My Body

- Human body is like a big machine, it works with the help of its different parts. Different parts of our body perform different function. These parts are of two types.
- (a) External parts (b) Internal parts
- External parts---The body parts which we can see are called external organs. Eg; head, neck, hand, leg etc:
- Internal organs ---We cannot see some parts of our body. They are called internal parts of body. They work all the time. Eg: brain, heart, lungs etc:
- Sense organs—The special organs of our body that tell us about the things around us are called sense organs. There are five sense organs; eyes, ears, nose, tongue and skin.

1. Identify the body parts and colour them.



Answer---- Ear, Leg, Hand

2. Write True or False of the following statement.

(a) Teeth help us to chew our food. -------

(b) Our mouth is not an external part of our body. --------

(c) Our mouth has two lips and tongue. ---------

(d) Each leg of our body has a thigh ,knee, and a foot.-------

Answer--- (a) true (b) false (c) true (d) true

3. Write down which sense organs is used in each case.

(a) I taste an ice cream with my ---------

(b) I hear the telephone ring with my --------

(c) I feel the rough bark of a tree with my -------

(d) I sense the smell of a freshly baked cake with my -------

Answer-- - (a)Tongue, (b) Ears, (c) Skin (d) Nose

4. Tick (✓) the internal part of our body and cross (x) the external part.

Answer – 1. ✓ 2. X 3. ✓ 4. X

5. Draw those external parts of our body that are present in pair.

----------x----------

SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT:2020-21

STD-2. SUBJECT:G.K(O)

UNIT - 2(Sports and Entertainment)

 Astonishing Facts .

- **Volleyball game was originated in 1895 by William G.Morgan.**
- **Chess - originated in India and known as "Shatranj".**
- **Folk dance is a term broadly used for describing all forms of folk and tribal dances in regions across India.**
- **Long time ago, the badminton shuttlecock was made of the feathers of the goose.**
- **Two shapes of carrom board :- Square and Hexagon.**

Note:-Learn the above facts.

Do Pg.no. 15 to 19 in the G.K book as well as learn the exercises for the oral test.

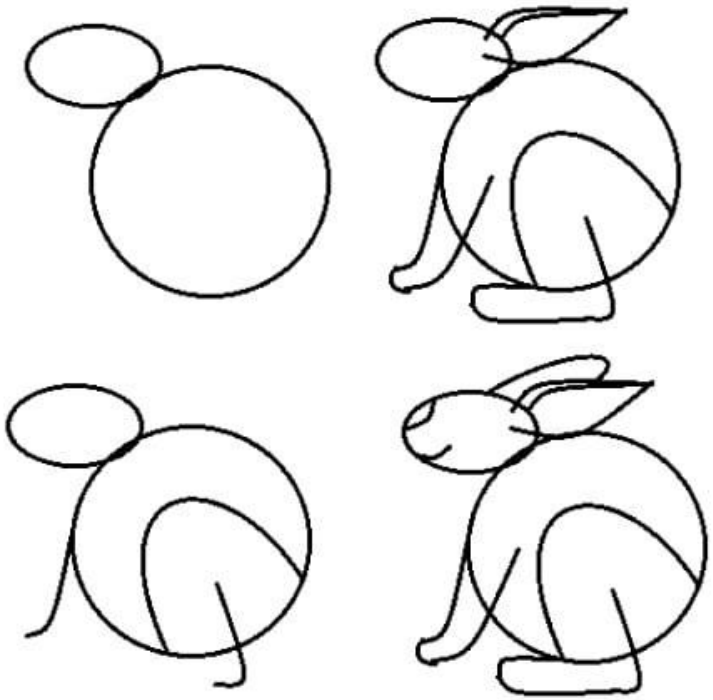
SOLVED ASSIGNMENT

SESSION – 2020 – 2021

CLASS – II **SUBJECT – Drawing**

Topic: Rabbit

(Follow the steps and draw & colour in Drawing copy.)



STD -2 Computer ASSIGNMENT 5 with Answer

A. Answer the following (ORAL)

1.What do you understand by output?

Ans. The result which we get after processing the data and instructions is called output.

2.How does a computer process the given data?

Ans. Data are fed into the computer. In CPU exact order of operations are performed . Then the result is given in the form of output.

B.Match the following : (Do in book)

I	II
1. Data	a) UPS
2. Processing	b) Compact disc
3. Output	c) Facts /figures
4. Storage	d) comparison/addition
5. Safe power supply	e) results of processing

Ans. 1 – c, 2 – d, 3 – e, 4 – b, 5 – a

C. Fill in the blanks, choosing suitable words from the following: (Do in book)

Output, floppy disc, calculations, CPU, instructions

1. A computer performs _____and comparisons .

2. Input includes data and _____.

3. Processing cannot be done without a _____.

4. The printer is a/an _____ device.

5. _____ is a storage device.

Ans. a. Calculations b. Instructions c. CPU d. Output e. Floppy disc

D. Tick for the correct and cross for incorrect statements. (Do in book)

1. Every machine needs to be instructed to perform a task.
2. Processed information is called data.
3. Printer is a processing device.
4. Computer can not operate without a storage device.
5. A UPS is better than a CVT.

Ans 1. _/ 2. X 3. X 4. _/ 5. _/

2. Tick the best alternative in the following. (Do in book)

1) The computer is a/an

a) Optical device b) mechanical device

c) Electronic device d) none of these

2) The grade obtained by a student in an examination is an example of

a) Data b) information

c) Both, depending on the processing d) none of these

3) An example of output device is

a) Printer b)VDU

c) Plotter d)All of these

4) The pen drive stores information

a) For as long as required b) Temporarily

c) Both (i) and (ii) d)none of these

5) A UPS supplies power to the computer

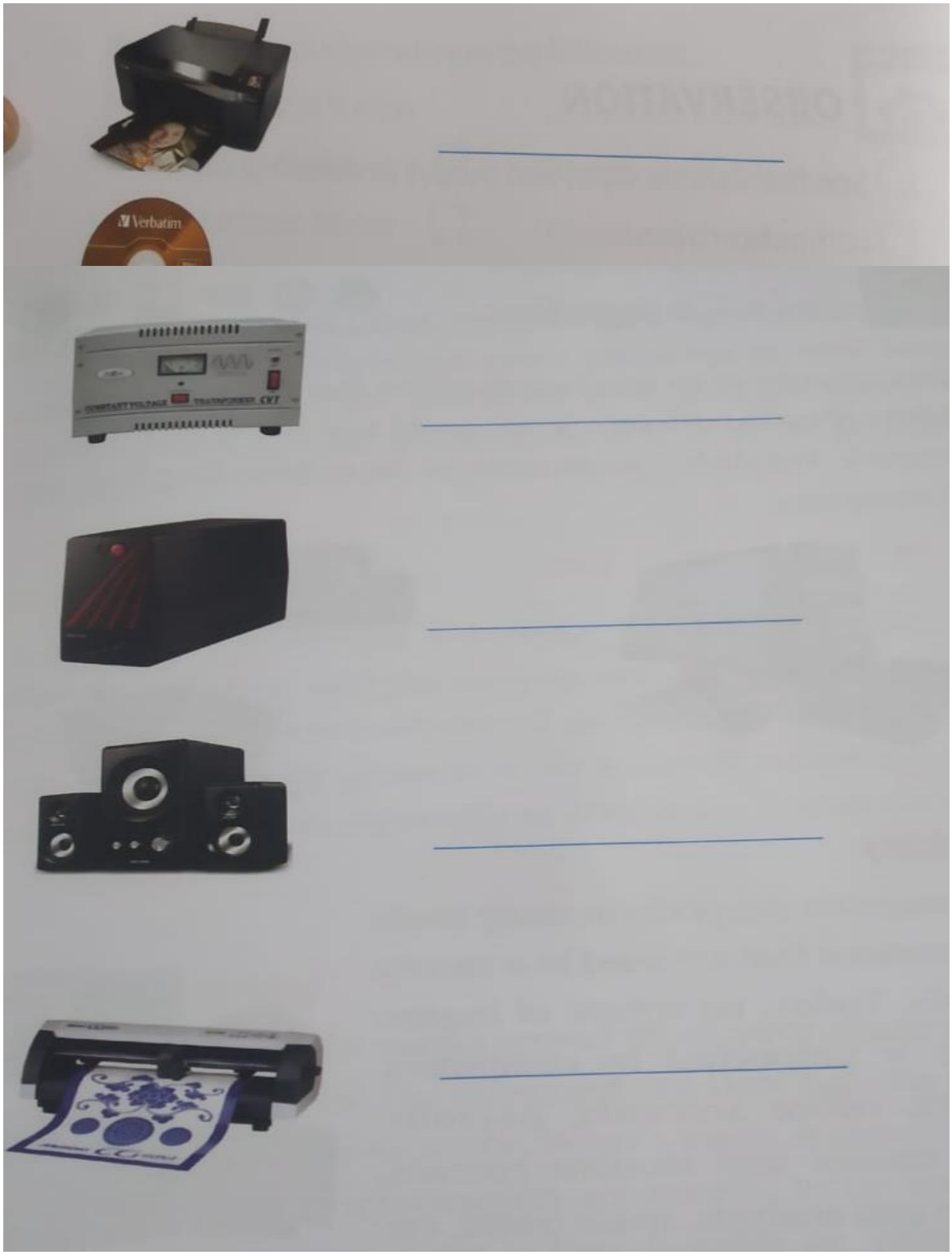
a)For as long as needed b) till the main power supply is on

c)For sometimes after the power cut

d) none of these

Answer: 1.c, 2.b, 3.d, 4.a 5.c

Q Observe the picture and write the name and function(do in book)



Answer: 1. Printer- to print 2. Compect disc - to store data and information permanently

3. CVT(constant voltage Transformer)- to provide constant and controlled power supply 4. UPS(Uninterrupted power supply)- to provide power supply for sometime even after the power is cut off.

5. Speakers- produce audio output
6. Plotter- prints blue print