CLASS: IX

Date: 28 - 05 - 2020

ASSIGNMENT

Multiple choice questions:

SUBJECT: IT

- 1. Which of the following represent a natural family?
 - a) Single-parent family
 - b) Parents, children, grandparents, aunt, and uncles
 - c) Mother, father, and their biological children
 - d) Parents and children
- 2. Which of the following term refers to the family in which you are raised?
 - a)Biological family
 - b) Family of origin
 - c) Extended family
 - d) Blended family
- 3. All the people who are born and live in about the same time span are known as:
 - a) Age groups
 - b) Close friends
 - c) Family members
 - d) Generation
- 4. What does good parenting require?
 - a) Encouraging productive behavior
 - b) Engaging in adequate supervision
 - c) Providing a positive role mode
 - d) All of the above
- 5. A pattern of interaction with one or more persons over time is known as:
 - a) Communicating with others
 - b) Socializing
 - c) Relationships
 - d) Best friends

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

Many years ago there was a miser named Lakhimal in Banswara. He had a lot of money but he never spent any of it. He never ate good food and he never bought new clothes. He had only one pair of shoes. On wet grounds, he always took them off and put them into his pockets. He was very rich but he was not happy. He wanted more money. One day a man came to him and said, "There is a rich man named Karorimal in Nagaur. He spends less and saves more than you every day. Go to him and be his pupil." Lakhimal thanked the man and the next day he went to Nagaur.

1. Lakhimal always wanted		
(a) new clothes		
(b) good food		
(c) more money		
(d) shoes		
2. How many pairs of shoes did he have?		
(a) one		
(b) two		
(c) three		
(d) four		
3. What did Karorimal do every day?		
(a) Karorimal spent less and saved more than Lakhimal every day		
(b) Karorimal spent more and saved less than Lakhimal every day		
(c) He had a lot of money but he never spent any of it.		
(d) He spent all money.		

- 4. Where did Lakhimal live?
 - (a) Lakhimal lived in Banaras.
 - (b) Lakhimal lived in Banswara
 - (c) Lakhimal lived in Bhuwaneshwar
 - (d) Lakhimal lived in Nagaur
- 5. What did Lakhimal do with his shoes on the wet grounds?
 - (a) On wet grounds he took his shoes on and put them into
 - (b) On wet grounds he put on his shoes
 - (c) On wet grounds he always took his shoes off and put them in his pocket
 - (d) On wet grounds he took his shoes off and put them into

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

1. If $\frac{3^{5x} \times 81^2 \times 6561}{3^{2x}} = 3^7$, then x is equal to

- (a) 3
- (b) -3
- (c) 1/3
- (d) -1/3

2. If x,y,z are positive real numbers, simplify $\{x^{\frac{-2}{3}}.y^{\frac{-1}{2}}\}^2$

- (a) $x^{\frac{-4}{3}} \cdot y^{-1}$
- (b) $x^{\frac{-1}{3}} \cdot y$
- (c) $xy^{\frac{1}{6}}$
- (d) $\chi^{\frac{-1}{3}}$

3. The value of $\{2^0 - 3(5 - 8)^0\}$ is

- (a) 1
- (b) -2
- (c) 0
- (d) 3

4. Write the reciprocal of $7-3\sqrt{5}$ is :

- (a) $3\sqrt{5} 7$
- (b) $7+3\sqrt{5}$
- (c) $\frac{1}{7-3\sqrt{5}}$
- (d) $\frac{1}{7+3\sqrt{5}}$

5. $\sqrt{10} \times \sqrt{5}$ is equal to:

- (a) $2\sqrt{5}$
- (b) $\sqrt{15}$
- (c) $5\sqrt{2}$
- (d) 50

SUBJECT: PHYSICS

1. What do you say when a body remains in one position for long time?
(a) motion
(b) rest
(c) stationary
(d) can not be determined
2. Which of the following is a type of motion?
(a) circular
(b) rectilinear
(c) periodic
(d) all of the above
3. Which type of motion is "a train moving on a track"?
(a) circular
(b) rectilinear
(c) periodic
(d) all of the above
4. A particle covers half distance at the speed of v_1 and another half distance at the speed of v_2 , its average speed is
(a) 2v ₁ v ₂ /v ₁ +v ₂
(b) $v_1+v_2/2v_1v_2$
(c) $V_1^2 + V_2^2 / V_1 V_2$
(d) $v_1v_2/2(v_1+v_2)$
5. In order to calculate pressure exerted on a surface , what quantity is divided by the surface area?
(a) force
(b) volume
(c) mass
(d) altitude

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY

1.	Name	a non-metal required for combustion.
	(a)	Oxygen
	(b)	Nitrogen
	(c)	Carbon
	(d)	Chlorine
2.	Name	a non-metal that forms common salt with sodium.
	(a)	Chlorine
	(b)	Bromine
	(c)	Iodine
	(d)	Carbon
3.	Name	a non-metal other than carbon, which shows allotropy.
	(a)	Carbon dioxide
	(b)	Phosphorus
	(c)	Nitrogen
	(d)	Sulphur
4.	Name	a non-metal known to form the largest number of compounds.
	(a)	Carbon
	(b)	Hydrogen
	(c)	Nitrogen
	(d)	Oxygen
5.	Tinctu	re of iodine has which property.
	(a)	Antibiotic
	(b)	Antiseptic
	(c)	Antibody
	(d)	Antigen

SUBJECT: BIOLOGY

1. The tissue in which conduction mostly occurs in one direction

a) Xylem

5. Collenchyma mainly forms

a) Hypodermis

d) Inner cortex

b) Epidermis

c) Phloem

	b) Phloem
	c) Sieve tube
	d) Parenchyma
2. Vascu	a)Xylem b) Phloem c) Epidermis d) Both (a) and (b)
3. Which	of the following is a living structure
	a) Sclerechyma
	b) Parenchyma
	c) Xylem vessel
	d) Tracheid
4. In the co	ollenchyma,the thickening of corners is made of
	a) Lignin
	b) Suberin
	c) Pectin
	d) Cutin

SUBJECT:ECONOMICS

1.	Which is the most abundant factor of production in India? a) Land b) Capital c) Labour d) Tools
2.	Finance raised to operate a business is the a) Capital b) Enterprise c) Land d) Labour
3.	What is done to surplus wheat in Palampur? a) Sold in the market b) Destroyed c) Stocked by self d) Given in charity
4.	Marginal farmers are those a) Who use modern methods for farming b) Who practice crop rotation for farming c) Who did not have sufficient land for farming d) Who use modern methods of irrigation
5.	Which of the following is a fixed capital? a) Clay b) seeds c) Yarn d) Tools

SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY

1.	The Northern plains are watered by river. a) Seasonal b) Perennial c) Delta d) Estuaries
2.	Which is the world's biggest delta? a) Godavari delta b) Mahanadi delta c) Ganga Brahmaputra delta d) Narmada delta
3.	The Northern plains has the highest density of population due to :- a) Dense forest b) Gravely land c) Rich alluvial soil d) Rich pasture land
4.	Which are the states forming the Northern Plains :- a) Haryana / Delhi / UP b) Haryana / Maharashtra / Kerala c) UP /Tamil Nadu / Jharkhand d) Haryana /Bihar / Jammu Kashmir
5.	The largest part of Northern plains is formed of a) New alluvium b) Older alluvium c) Terai d) Bhabar
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Assignment..3 Class....9 Subject.... Hindi Date.... 28.05.2020 MCQ वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्न......

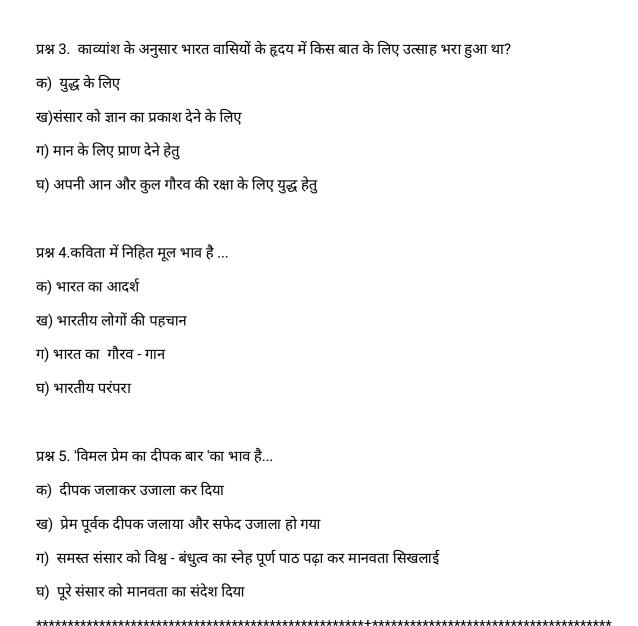
***निम्नलिखित अपिठत पद्यांश से पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर विकल्पो से चुनकर लिखिए...... अंधकार से घिरा हुआ ,जब सोता था सारा संसार । हमने ही था उसे जगाया, विमल प्रेम का दीपक बार ।। रहे कभी थे नहीं आज तक, किसी अन्य जन के आधीन। थे शासक हम स्वयं देश के, और नृपित थे धर्म - धुरीन। । समर भूमि के लिए सदा ही , हममें भरा रहा उत्साह। कुरुक्षेत्र की पुण्य -भूमि में ,सेनाओं का बहा प्रवाह। । हम में अपने कुल गौरव का, भरा रहा इतना अभिमान । मान चले जाने से पहले ,हमने सदा दे दिया प्राण। ।

प्रश्न 1. ' सारे संसार के सोते रहने ' का आशय है कि

- क) संसार के लोग गहरी नींद सो रहे थे
- ख) सूरज न निकलने से सारे संसार में अंधकार फैला हुआ था
- ग) दुनिया के अधिकांश देशों में ज्ञान का प्रकाश नहीं हुआ था
- घ) सारा संसार थक कर चूर था इसलिए सो रहा था

प्रश्न 2. 'कुरुक्षेत्र ' इसीलिए प्रसिद्ध है क्यों कि वहां

- क) महाभारत का युद्ध हुआ था
- ख) एक प्राचीनकालीन शिक्षा केंद्र है
- ग) मध्यकालीन प्रसिद्ध तीर्थ स्थल मौजूद है
- घ) प्रसिद्ध पर्यटन स्थल और पुण्य सरोवर है



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वस्तानवर परन (MCO)
       Talu - 28.05.2020, on ETT - 0197
               विषय - संस्कृत
प्रम- सप्तमी विभवतेः प्रभागं कृतवा रिकास्थानानि
     विकल्प्रेयः निपत्वा स्र्यत-
   । , लालः ___ क्रीडितं निम्नाम ।
           क. पाठ शासायाम रव. पाठ शासायाः
     हा. पाठशाला हा. पाठशाला य
     — जगात प्रयेक रन्वकारमे निमममा मवात ।
          का अस्य रव अस्मिन्
 ग द्व. अर-याः
     रवगः - नीड नारीत।
   3.
        न जा शारवारः वर्षे वर्षे शारवाश्
      ग वारवायाम् च वारवायाः
    अस्मिन् जिमर् पर्यटीस १
           क निदाधिदिवसंः २व निदाधिदवसाः
           हा निदाद्यदिवसी च निदाधिदिवसे
            हिमालयः उच्चतमः।
      का पर्वतः रव पर्वतेषु
           ग प्रवित्य दा प्रवित
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