CLASS: IX

Date: 23 - 04 - 2020

ASSIGNMENT

SUBJECT: I.T.

MCQ:
1. What are the different types of sounds used in English pronunciation?
(a) Vowel sounds
(b) Diphthong sounds
(c) Consonant sounds
(d) All of the above
2. You say 'Good Morning' when it is
(a) 11 am
(b) 9 am
(c) 8 am
(d) All (a), (b) and (c)
3. You may say 'Hi' when you meet
(a) your teacher in class
(b) a senior in the office
(c) your Principal
(d) your friends at a shop
4. You say 'Good Afternoon' when it is
(a) 10 am
(b) 11.59 am
(c) 6 pm
(d) 1 pm
5. You say 'Good Evening' when it is
(a) 11 am
(b) 9 am
(c) 2 pm
(d) 7 pm

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate options from the choices given below: -1) The word _____ is a synonym of 'strongly desired'. a. coveted b. resort c. nostalgic d. evils 2) The word _____ is the antonym of 'united' . a. detached b. self-centred c. divisions d. disputes 3) The word is the synonym of 'anxiety'. a. welfare b. tense c. solicitude d. stress 4) The word _____ is the synonym of 'relatives'. a. cousins b. kith and kin c. family d. siblings 5) The word 'structural ' is an _____. a. adverb

b. verbc. nound. Adjective

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

1.	Value	of	(256)	0.16	Χ ($(256^{0.09})$) is

- (a) 4
- (b) 16
- (c) 64
- (d) 256.25

2. For rationalising the denominator of the expression $\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}$ we multiply and divide by:

3. The value of
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$
 when $\sqrt{10} = 3.162$ is:

- (a) 0.3162
- (b) 31.62
- (c) 0.03162
- (d) 316.2

4. Rationalising the denominator of the expression $\frac{6}{\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{3}}$:

(a)
$$\frac{6(\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{12}}$$

(a)
$$\frac{6(\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{9}}$$
 (b) $\frac{6(\sqrt{12} - \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{9}}$

(c)
$$\frac{(\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{3})}{2}$$

(d)
$$2\sqrt{3}$$

5.
$$(-5+2\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{5})$$
 is

- (a) an irrational number
- (b) a positive rational number
- (c) a negative rational number
- (d) an integer

SUBJECT: PHYSICS

- Q1. A worker covers a distance of 40 km from his house to his place of work, and 10 km towards his house back. Then the displacement covered by the worker in the whole trip is
 - (a) zero km
 - (b) 10 km
 - (c) 30 km
 - (d) 50 km
- Q 2.Rate of change of displacement is called
 - (a) Speed
 - (b) Deceleration
 - (c) Acceleration
 - (d) Velocity
- Q 3. Acceleration is a vector quantity, which indicates that its value
 - (a) Is always negative
 - (b) Is always positive
 - (c) Is zero
 - (d) Can be positive, negative or zero
- Q 4. An object travels 40m in 5 sec and then another 80m in 5 sec. What is the average speed of the object?
 - (a) 12 m/s
 - (b) 6 m/s
 - (c) 2 m/s
 - (d) 0 m/s
- Q 5. The average velocity of a body is given by the expression :
 - (a) V = u + at
 - (b) 2as= v2- u2
 - (c) Vav = (u + v)/2
 - (d) $S = ut + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY

- 1. During the boiling of a liquid:
 - a) Temperature remains constant
 - b) Kinetic energy remains constant
 - c) Heat equal to latent heat of vaporisation is used
 - d) All are correct
- 2. The phenomenon of spreading of ink in water is called:
 - a) Evaporation
 - b) Diffusion
 - c) Solubility
 - d) Respiration
- 3. Which of these following conditions would increase the interparticle distance of a gas?
 - I) Increase of pressure
 - II) Leaking of some of the gas
 - III) Increase the volume of container
 - IV) Increase the temperature of the gas
 - a) I&II
 - b) II, III & IV
 - c) I&III
 - d) II & IV
- 4. Which of the following are rigid forms of matter?
 - a) Only solids
 - b) Only liquids
 - c) Solids & liquids
 - d) Liquids & gases
- 5. During melting of a solid:
 - a) Temperature remains constant
 - b) Temperature and kinetic energy remains constant
 - c) Heat equal to latent heat of fusion is absorbed
 - d) All are correct

SUBJECT: BIOLOGY

b) Leeuwenhoek.
c) Purkinje.
d) Robert Brown
2. The main costituent of cell wall is.
a) Starch.
b) Cellulose.c) Protein.d) Lipid.
a, Lipia.
3. Chromosomes are made up of nucleic acid anda) Phosphorus.b) Proteinc) Sugard) Calcium
4. Which cell organelle is considered as a suicidal bag?
a) Centrosome.
b) Mesosomes.
c) Lysosomes
d) Chromosomes
5. The power house of the cell is known as
a) Plastid.
b) Mitochondria
c) Golgi bodies
d) Nucleus

1. Who discovered the first living cell?

a) Robert Hooke.

SUBJECT: HISTORY

- 1) Tithe was
 - a) Tax levied by the church
 - b) A tax levied by the novels
 - c) A tax levied by the king
 - d) A tax levied by the Estate General.
- 2) Napoleon was defeated in
 - a) 1815
 - b) 1715
 - c) 1915
 - d) 1615
- 3) Slavery was abolished in French colonies in
 - a) 1948
 - b) 1958
 - c) 1938
 - d) 1968
- 4) Jacobian club was
 - a) A political club
 - b) Economic club
 - c) Social club
 - d) Welfare club
- 5) Who wrote 'The spirit of the laws'?
 - a) Montesquieu
 - b) John Locke
 - c) Robespierre
 - d) Mirabeau

SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY

1. What	is the length of the land boundary of India? A.About 15,200km. B. About 16,298 km C.About 15,765 km D. 16,200 km
2. The T	ropic of Cancer does not pass through which state?
	A. Gujarat B. Bihar C. Jharkhand D. West Bengal
3. What	is the location of Indian landmass with respect to the world?
	A. Eastern B. Western C. Northern D. Central
4. Which	ideas from India could reach many parts of the world?
	A. Decimal system B. Digestive system C. Nervous system D.Living system
5. How m	any states India has?
	A. 27 B. 28 C. 29 D. 25

Assignment4 Date23.04.2020
SubjectHindi Class9
MCQ (वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्न)
Q.16. कबीर ने दोहे में किसे मृतक कहा है ?
a).अशिक्षित व्यक्ति को
b) शिक्षित व्यक्ति को
c) पागल व्यक्ति को
d) हिंदू और मुसलमान को
Q 17. ईश्वर की भक्ति प्राप्त करने के लिए किस भावना का होना आवश्यक है?
a) संघर्ष
b) निष्पक्ष
C) निंदा
d) सांप्रदायिकता
Q 18. दो सच्चे प्रभु- प्रेमी के मिलने से क्या होता है ?
a) पाप पुण्य में बदल जाते हैं
b) वासनाए नष्ट हो जाती है
c) मन पवित्र हो जाता है
d) उपर्युक्त सभी
Q19. दोहे में हंस किसका प्रतीक है ?
a) सच्चाई का
b) पक्षी का
c) मुक्ति का
d)प्रभु भक्त का
Q 20. मानसरोवर के लबालब भरे जल में कौन क्रीडा कर रहे हैं ?

- a) मीन
- b) बत्तख
- c) हंस
- d) सारस

	MCQ Questions
	Date -23.04.20 Subject-Sanskrit Class-
*	उचित धातुन्त्रें : विस्तर्न्यानानि प्रभत-
अवन:-1	- अर-मार्चे कक्षायों त्रिंद्रात् व्यक्तिका!
, and the second	(5) अस्ति हुन) श्नीन (5) स्तः (द) स्वः
<u> প্রগ:-2</u>	द्यः वयम 'उनीमळान शाकुन्तलम् 'इति गांटकं।
	७) अपठाम् ७) अपठाम् ७) अपठाम्
प्रशः ३	अळावहं दृष्ट्वा परिण्डताः तार्ववरेण1
	क) अहस्तत् (४९) अहस्ता भ अहस्तत् (४९) अहस्ताम
927:4	अहम निर्धनमातु: दुहिता1
	(क) अस्ति (क) बन्तः
	(ग) अस्मि (ध) व्यन्ति
y20:5	आवाम विद्यातयं ठायहावः, मातरं]
	क) निप्तापि ६व) निवामि: (ध) निप्तापि: